PIMS Distinguished Lecture Series

University of Regina

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Thursday Sept. 29, 2011 4:00 p.m. CL 408



Forbidden Configurations: A Survey

Problems in extremal set theory take the form of determining the maximum number of subsets of $\{1, 2, ..., m\}$ you can choose so that the resulting family of subsets has some property. The property I will consider is a trace being forbidden (in hypergraph terms a subhypergraph being forbidden). An incidence matrix encodes the system of subsets as an m-rowed (0,1)-matrix A with no repeated columns. The forbidden trace becomes a `forbidden configuration' namely for some given (0,1)-matrix F you are forbidding A from having any submatrix which is a row and column permutation of F.

One defines forb(m, F) as the maximum number of columns, over all m-rowed (0,1)-matrices with no repeated column and no submatrix which is a row and column permutation of F. This concept of forbidden configurations appears in a variety of problems of which the study of VC-dimension has been the most notable. I will discuss a number of the bounds obtained and the interesting variety of proofs.

Mathematics and Statistics

